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PATENT

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: **STEFAN O. DICK, ET. AL.**

Application No.: **10 / 787,422** ✓ Group No.: **2859** ✓  
 Filed: **FEBRUARY 26, 2004** ✓ Examiner: **TRAVIS M. REIS** ✓  
 For: **IRREVERSIBLE HUMIDITY INDICATOR CARDS**  
 Confirmation No.: **4744** ✓

☐ \*Patent No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Issue Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Reexamination No.: \_\_\_\_\_

\*NOTE: Preferably also insert inventor's name and invention title.

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
 Washington, D.C. 20231

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☐ an assignee of this invention.

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☐ a representative authorized to sign on behalf of the assignee identified below.

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(if applicable)

The assignee is

Name of assignee Sud-Chemie Performance Packaging, Inc.

Address of assignee 101 Christine Drive, Rio Grande Industrial Park  
Belen, New Mexico 87002

Title of disclaimant authorized to sign on behalf of assignee \_\_\_\_\_

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The extent of the interest in this invention that the disclaimant owns is:

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NOTE: Insert the appropriate page 3.

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*The*  
*Condensed Chemical*  
*Dictionary*

*TENTH EDITION*

*Revised by*

*GESSNER G. HAWLEY*



VAN NOSTRAND REINHOLD COMPANY

hydrogenation of primary alcohols yields the group of compounds called aldehydes (q.v.). It is considered to be a form of oxidation, as two hydrogen atoms, each of which contains an electron, have been removed, as in the reaction  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{O} + \text{H}_2$ .

**11-dehydro-17-hydroxycorticosterone.** See cortisone.

**dehydroisoandrosterone** (dehydroepiandrosterone)  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_2$ . An androgenic steroid; a metabolic product of the adrenal steroid hormones, with about one-third of the androgenic activity of androsterone (q.v.).

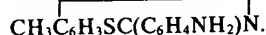
Properties: Dimorphous: Needles with m.p. 140–141°C; leaflets with m.p. 152–153°C; precipitated by digitonin; soluble in benzene, alcohol, and ether. Sparingly soluble in chloroform and petroleum ether. Also available as the acetate salt.

Derivation: Isolated from male urine; synthesis from cholesterol or sitosterol.

Uses: Medicine; biochemical research.

**"Dehydrol."**<sup>141</sup> Trademark for dehydrated castor oil used as a drying oil in the manufacture of varnishes and alkyl resins.

**dehydrothio-para-toluidine**



Properties: Long, yellowish iridescent needles. Solutions have a violet-blue fluorescence. M.p. 191°C; b.p. 434°C. Soluble in alcohol; very slightly soluble in water.

Derivation: By heating para-toluidine and primuline base with sulfur and separation from the primuline base by distillation in vacuo.

Uses: Dyestuffs; intermediate.

**deicing compound.** See calcium chloride; sodium chloride; alcohol.

**de-inking.** The removal of printing inks from paper by use of strong alkaline solutions such as soda-ash liquor, caustic soda or lime which dissolve varnish and free the ink carbon. Removal of the carbon is accomplished by use of colloidal agents such as talc or bentonite and by mechanical agitation with water.

**"Dekatyl."**<sup>28</sup> Trademark for a series of dyes for dyeing and printing 65% "Dacron" polyester fiber and 35% cotton.

**deKhotinsky cement.** A thermoplastic adhesive mixture of shellac and pine tar. It is not attacked by water, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, carbon disulfide, benzene, gasoline, or turpentine; very little affected by ether, chloroform, alkalies, but readily dissolved by ethyl alcohol.

**"Delac."**<sup>248</sup> Trademark for a series of delayed action rubber accelerators.

**"Delactol."**<sup>503</sup> Trademark for a vegetable oil solution of vitamin D<sub>2</sub>; used in dairy products.

**delhi hard.** A ferrous alloy (sp. gr. 7.75; m.p. 1500°C) containing in addition to iron 16.5 to 18% chromium, 1 to 1.1% carbon, 0.75 to 1% silicon, 0.35 to 0.5% manganese. It is resistant to cold ammonium hydroxide in all concentrations, and to mine and sea waters and moist sulfurous atmospheres.

**deliquescent.** Tending to absorb atmospheric water vapor and become liquid. The term refers specifically to water-soluble chemical salts in the form of powders, which dissolve in the water absorbed from the air. Such salts should be kept closely stoppered or otherwise enclosed. See also hygroscopic.

**"Delnav."**<sup>266</sup> Trademark for dioxathion (q.v.).

**"Delrin."**<sup>28</sup> Trademark for a type of acetal resin. White and colors available. Also supplied as pipe and fittings. Thermoplastic.

Containers: 50-lb bags; pipe in 20-ft lengths, or coils of 500 ft.

Uses: Injection-molded and extruded parts, door handles, bushings, other mechanical items; underground pipe; automotive parts.

**"Delsan."**<sup>28</sup> Trademark for fungicide-insecticide seed treatment containing 60% thiram and 15% dieldrin.

Hazard: Toxic by ingestion and inhalation.

**delta acid.** See Casella's Acid F.

**"Deltyl."**<sup>227</sup> Trademark for a mixture of isopropyl esters of lauric, myristic and palmitic acids. "Deltyl Extra" is predominantly isopropyl myristate; "Deltyl Prime," isopropyl palmitate.

Uses: Replaces vegetable or mineral oils in cosmetics; emollient and auxiliary emulsifying agent.

**delustrant.** A substance used to produce dull surfaces on a textile fabric; chiefly used are barium sulfate, clays, chalk, etc. They are applied in the finishing coat.

**"Demerol" Hydrochloride.**<sup>162</sup> Trademark for meperidine hydrochloride (q.v.).

**demethylchlortetracycline hydrochloride**



Properties: Yellow crystalline powder; odorless and has a bitter taste. Partially soluble in water and slightly soluble in alcohol.

Grade: N.F.

Use: Medicine (antibiotic).

**demeton.** Generic name for a mixture of O,O-diethyl O-2-(ethylthio)-ethyl phosphorothioate (demeton-O), and O,O-diethyl S-2-(ethylthio)ethyl phosphorothioate (demeton-S).  $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_3\text{PS}_2$ .

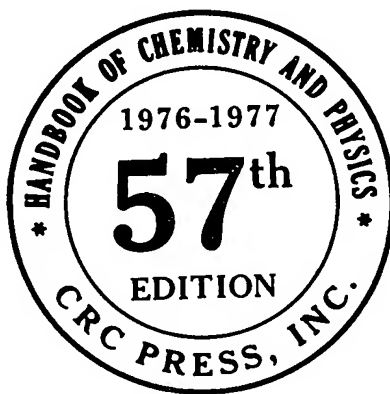
Properties (of mixture): Pale yellow liquid; b.p. 134°C; (2 mm); sp. gr. 1.118. Slightly soluble in water; soluble in most organic solvents.

Hazard: Highly toxic; absorbed by skin; cholin-



# Handbook OF Chemistry and Physics

A Ready-Reference Book of Chemical and Physical Data



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In collaboration with a large number of professional chemists and physicists whose assistance is acknowledged in the list of general collaborators and in connection with the particular tables or sections involved.

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# SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

[ $\alpha$ ]	specific rotation	fl	flakes	par	partial
$\delta$	slightly	flr	fluorescent	peth	petroleum ether
>	above, more than	fr	freezes	pk	pink <sup>3</sup>
<	below, less than	fr. p.	freezing point	Ph	phenyl
$\infty$	soluble in all proportions	fum	fuming	pl	plates
*	name approved by the International Union of Chemists (I.U.C.) <sup>1</sup>	gel	gelatinous	pr	prisms
$\Omega$	IR, or UV, or NMR spectra referenced	gl	glacial	Pr	propyl
?	unknown	gold	golden	<b>Prak</b>	J. Prak. Chem.
aa	acetic acid	gr	green <sup>3</sup>	purp	purple <sup>3</sup>
abs	absolute	gran	granular	pw	powder
ac	acid	gy	gray <sup>3</sup>	Py	pyrimidine
Ac	acetyl	h	hot	pym	pyramids
ace	acetone	<b>H</b>	Helv. Chim. Acta	rac	racemic
al	alcohol <sup>2</sup>	hex	hexagonal	rect	rectangular
alk	alkali	hp	heptane	red	red
<b>Am</b>	J. Am. Chem. Soc.	htng	heating	res	resinous
Am	amyl (pentyl)	hx	hexane	rh	rhombic
amor	amorphous	hyd	hydrate	rhd	rhombohedral
anh	anhydrous	hyg	hygroscopic	s	soluble
aqu	aqueous	i	insoluble	s	secondary <sup>7</sup>
as	asymmetric	i-	iso-	sc	scales
atm	atmospheres	ign	ignites	sec	secondary <sup>7</sup>
b	boiling	in	inactive	sf	softens
<b>B</b>	Beilstein	inflam	inflammable	sh	shoulder
<b>Ber</b>	Chem. Ber.	infus	infusible	silv	silvery
bipym	bipyramidal	irid	iridescent	sl	slightly ( $\delta$ )
bk	black <sup>3</sup>	iso	isooctane	so	solid
bl	blue <sup>3</sup>	<b>J</b>	J. Chem. Soc.	sol	solution
br	brown <sup>3</sup>	JOC	J. Org. Chem.	solv	solvent
bt	bright	<i>L, l</i>	levo <sup>4</sup>	sph	sphenoidal
<b>Bu</b>	butyl	la	large	st	stable
bz	Benzene	lf	leaf	sub	sublimes
<b>C</b>	Chem. Abs.	lig	ligroin	suc	supercooled
c	percentage concentration	liq	liquid	sulf	sulfuric acid
ca	about (circa)	lo	long	sym	symmetrical
chl	chloroform	lt	light	syr	syrup
co	columns	m	melting	<i>t</i>	tertiary <sup>7</sup>
col	colorless	<i>m-</i>	meta-	ta	tablets
con	concentrated	<b>M</b>	molar (concentration)	tcl	triclinic
cor	corrected	<b>M</b>	Merck Index, 7th Edition	<i>tert</i>	tertiary <sup>7</sup>
cr	crystals	mcl	monoclinic	<b>Tet</b>	Tetrahedron
cy	cyclohexane	Me	methyl	tetr	tetragonal
d	decomposes	met	metallic	<b>THF</b>	tetrahydrofuran
<b>D</b>	line in the spectrum of sodium (subscript)	micr	microscopic	to	toluene
<i>D, d</i>	dextro <sup>4</sup>	min	mineral	tr	transparent
$\delta d$	slight decomposition	mod	modification	trg	trigonal
dil	diluted	mut	mutarotatory	undil	undiluted
diox	dioxane	<i>n</i>	normal chain, refractive index	<i>uns</i>	unsymmetrical
distb	distillable	<b>N</b>	normal (concentration)	unst	unstable
dk	dark	<i>N</i>	nitrogen <sup>6</sup>	v	very
<i>dl, dl</i>	racemic <sup>4</sup>	nd	needles	vac	vacuum
dlq	deliquescent	<i>o-</i>	ortho-	var	variable
<b>DMF</b>	dimethyl formamide	oct	octahedral	vap	vapor
<b>E</b>	Elsevier's	og	orange <sup>3</sup>	<i>vic</i>	vicinal
eff	efflorescent	oos	ordinary organic solvents	visc	viscous
Et	ethyl	or	or	volat	volatile or volatilises
eth	ether <sup>5</sup>	ord	ordinary	vt	violet <sup>3</sup>
exp	explodes	org	organic	w	water
extrap	extrapolated	orh	orthorhombic	wh	white <sup>3</sup>
		os	organic solvents	wr	warm
		<i>p-</i>	para-	wx	waxy
		pa	pale	ye	yellow <sup>3</sup>
				xyl	xylene

1 For I.U.C. rules of nomenclature see General Index.

2 Generally means ethyl alcohol.

3 The abbreviation of a color ending in "sh" is to be read as ending with the suffix "-ish," e.g., grsh means greenish.

4 *D, L* generally mean configuration and *d, l* generally mean optical rotation, but there are many examples in the chemical literature for which the meaning of these symbols is ambiguous and/or interchangeable.

5 Generally means diethyl ether.

6 *N* indicates a position in the molecule.

7 *s* and *sec*, or *t* and *tert*, are used as convenient.

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formula	Mol. wt.	Color, crystalline form, specific rotation and $\lambda_{\max}$ (log $\epsilon$ )	m.p. °C	b.p. °C	Density	$n_D$	Solubility						Ref.
									w	al	eth	ace	bz	other solvents	
d291	<b>Dodecane*</b>														
d292	—, 1,12-dibromo-*	$\text{BrCH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$	328.14	nd (aa, al)	41	215 <sup>15</sup>	.....	.....	i	v	s	.....	chl v aa s	B1 <sup>2</sup> , 543	
	—, 1-iodo-*	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{11}\text{I}$	296.24	.....	0.3	298.2 <sup>760</sup> 153 <sup>10</sup>	1.1999 <sup>20</sup>	1.4840 <sup>20</sup>	i	s	$\infty$	$\infty$	.....	chl, $\text{CCl}_4$ $\infty$ MeOH s AcOEt s <sup>4</sup>	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 67
$\Omega$ d293	Dodecanedioic acid, dimethyl ester*	$\text{CH}_3\text{O}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$	258.36	pr	31.3	167–9 <sup>9</sup> 150 <sup>2</sup>	.....	.....	i	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 1844
$\Omega$ d294	1-Dodecanethiol*	Dodecyl mercaptan. Lauryl mercaptan. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{11}\text{SH}$	202.41	.....	.....	142–5 <sup>15</sup>	0.8450 <sup>20</sup>	1.4589 <sup>20</sup>	i	s	s	.....	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1789
$\Omega$ d295	Dodecanoic acid*	Lauric acid. Undecane-1-carboxylic acid. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	200.33	nd (al)	44	131 <sup>1</sup>	0.8679 <sup>20</sup>	1.4304 <sup>30</sup>	i	v	v	s	$\infty$ v	peth s MeOH v	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 868
d296	—, amide*	Lauramide. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CONH}_2$	199.34	nd	110	199 <sup>12</sup>	.....	1.4287 <sup>110</sup>	i	s	$\delta$	s	$\delta$	$\text{CCl}_4$ s <sup>4</sup>	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 894
d297	—, —, <i>N</i> -phenyl-*	Lauranilide. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CONHC}_6\text{H}_5$	275.44	nd (dil al) $\lambda_{\max}$ 241 (4.19)	78	.....	.....	.....	i	s	s	s	s	$\text{CCl}_4$ , chls	B12 <sup>2</sup> , 148
d298	—, anhydride*	Lauric anhydride. $[\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}]_2\text{O}$	382.64	lf (al or eth)	41.8	166	0.8533 <sup>20</sup>	1.4292 <sup>20</sup>	d	s <sup>4</sup>	.....	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 321
d299	—, benzyl ester*	Benzyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$	290.45	.....	8.5	209–11 <sup>12</sup>	0.9457 <sup>23</sup>	1.4812 <sup>24</sup>	i	s	v	.....	v	chl v peth s	B6 <sup>2</sup> , 417
$\Omega$ d300	—, chloride	Lauryl chloride. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{COCl}$	218.77	.....	–17	145 <sup>18</sup>	.....	1.4458 <sup>20</sup>	d	d	s	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 321
$\Omega$ d301	—, ethyl ester*	Ethyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	228.38	.....	fr. –1.8	273 <sup>764</sup> 154 <sup>15</sup>	0.8618 <sup>20</sup>	1.4311 <sup>20</sup>	i	v	$\infty$	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 884
d302	—, isopropyl ester*	Isopropyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{C}_3\text{H}_7$	242.41	.....	.....	196 <sup>60</sup> 117.4 <sup>2</sup>	0.8536 <sup>20</sup>	1.4280 <sup>25</sup>	.....	s	v	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 886
$\Omega$ d303	—, methyl ester*	Methyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$	214.35	.....	fr. 5.2	262 <sup>766</sup> 141 <sup>15</sup>	0.8702 <sup>20</sup>	1.4319 <sup>20</sup>	i	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	MeOH, chl, $\text{CCl}_4$ , AcOEt s	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 883
$\Omega$ d304	—, nitrile	Lauronitrile. Undecyl cyanide. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CN}$	181.33	.....	fr. 4	277 <sup>760</sup> 131 <sup>10</sup>	0.8240 <sup>20</sup>	1.4361 <sup>20</sup>	i	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	chl $\infty$	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 895
d305	—, phenyl ester*	Phenyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$	276.42	lf (al)	24.5	210 <sup>15</sup>	.....	.....	i	s	s	s	.....	.....	B6, 154
d306	—, 4-phenyl-phenacyl ester.	.....	394.56	.....	86	.....	.....	.....	i	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C32, 4943
d307	—, piperazinium salt	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	486.79	.....	92–2.5	.....	.....	.....	s	s	i	.....	.....	.....	Am 70, 2758
d308	—, propyl ester*	Propyl laurate. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	242.31	.....	.....	205 <sup>60</sup> 124 <sup>2</sup>	0.8600 <sup>20</sup>	1.4335 <sup>20</sup>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 885
d309	—, 2-bromo-*	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_9\text{CHBrCO}_2\text{H}$	279.23	pl	32	157–9 <sup>2</sup>	1.1474 <sup>24</sup>	1.4585 <sup>24</sup>	i	v	s	.....	v	chl, lig s	B2, 363
d310	—, 12-fluoro-*	$\text{F}(\text{CH}_2)_{11}\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	218.32	.....	60–1	.....	.....	.....	i	v	v	.....	.....	lig s <sup>4</sup>	C51, 7300
$\Omega$ d311	1-Dodecanol*	Lauryl alcohol. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{11}\text{OH}$	186.32	lf (dil al)	26 (22)	255–9 <sup>760</sup> 150 <sup>20</sup>	0.8309 <sup>24</sup>	.....	i	s	s	.....	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 463
d312	6-Dodecanol*	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{CHOH}(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{CH}_3$	186.34	(peth)	30	119 <sup>9</sup>	.....	.....	i	s	s	.....	.....	.....	B1, 428
$\Omega$ d313	2-Dodecanone*	<i>n</i> -Decyl methyl ketone. $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}(\text{CH}_2)_9\text{CH}_3$	184.33	.....	21	246–7 <sup>760</sup> 144 <sup>11</sup>	0.8198 <sup>20</sup>	1.4330 <sup>20</sup>	i	s	s	s	.....	os s	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 769
$\Omega$ d314	1-Dodecanone, 1-phenyl-*	Laurophenone. Lauroylbenzene. <i>n</i> -Undecyl phenyl ketone. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{COC}_6\text{H}_5$	260.43	og cr	46–7	222–3 <sup>21</sup> 187 <sup>5</sup>	0.8969 <sup>22</sup>	1.4850 <sup>22</sup>	i	.....	.....	s	.....	.....	B7 <sup>1</sup> , 186
—	1,6,10-Dodecatrien-3-ol, 3,7,11-trimethyl-*	see Nerolidol	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
$\Omega$ d315	1-Dodecene*	$\alpha$ -Dodecylene. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_9\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$	168.33	.....	–35.23	213.4 <sup>760</sup> 88.7 <sup>10</sup>	0.7584 <sup>20</sup>	1.4300 <sup>20</sup>	i	s	s	s	.....	peth s	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 869
d316	2-Dodecenedioic acid(cis)*	Traumatic acid. $\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}=\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	228.29	(al, ace)	67–8	.....	.....	.....	$\delta$	s	s	.....	s	chl s	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 1978
d317	—(trans)*	$\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}=\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	228.29	(al, ace)	165–6	.....	.....	.....	$\delta$	s	s	.....	.....	chl s	B2 <sup>3</sup> , 1979
d318	1-Dodecen-3-yne*	$\text{CH}_2=\text{CHC}(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CH}_3$	164.29	.....	.....	78 <sup>8</sup>	0.7858 <sup>23</sup>	1.4510 <sup>25</sup>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1055
d319	1-Dodecyne*	$\text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_9\text{CH}_3$	166.31	.....	–19	215 <sup>760</sup> 89 <sup>10</sup>	0.7788 <sup>20</sup>	1.4340 <sup>20</sup>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1024
d320	2-Dodecyne*	$\text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CH}_3$	166.31	.....	–9	105 <sup>15</sup>	0.7917 <sup>15</sup>	1.4828 <sup>20</sup>	i	.....	s	s	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1025
d321	3-Dodecyne*	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CH}_3$	166.31	.....	.....	95 <sup>12</sup>	0.7871 <sup>20</sup>	1.4442 <sup>20</sup>	i	.....	s	s	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1025
d322	6-Dodecyne*	Di <i>n</i> -amylacetylene. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{C}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{CH}_3$	166.31	.....	.....	209 <sup>745</sup> 100 <sup>14</sup>	0.7871 <sup>20</sup>	1.4442 <sup>20</sup>	i	s	s	s	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1025
$\Omega$ d323	Dotriacontane*	Dicetyl. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{30}\text{CH}_3$	450.89	pl (bz, chl, aa, eth)	69.7	467 <sup>760</sup> 292.7 <sup>10</sup>	0.8124 <sup>20</sup> suc	1.4550 <sup>20</sup>	i	$\delta$	s <sup>4</sup>	.....	v <sup>4</sup> $\delta$	$\text{CCl}_4$ , aa s <sup>4</sup> chl $\delta$ , $\text{CS}_2$ s	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 587
d324	1-Dotriacontanol*	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{30}\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	466.89	pl (bz)	89.4	sub 200–50 <sup>1</sup>	.....	.....	i	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B1 <sup>1</sup> , 1851
—	Dulcitol	see Galactitol	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
—	Durene	see Benzene, 1,2,4,5-tetramethyl-	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
—	Durenol	see Benzene, 1-hydroxy-2,3,5,6-tetramethyl-	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
—	Durohydroquinone	see Benzene, 1,4-dihydroxy-2,3,5,6-tetramethyl-	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

For explanations, symbols and abbreviations see beginning of table. For structural formulas see end of table.

For explanations, s

No.	Na
—	<b>Duroquo</b>
—	Duroquin
—	Durylic ac
—	Dypnone

# PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formula	Mol. wt.	Color, crystalline form, specific rotation and $\lambda_{max}$ (log $\epsilon$ )	m.p. °C	b.p. °C	Density	$n_D$	Solubility						Ref.	
									w	al	eth	ace	bz	other solvents		
Naphthalene																
$\Omega$ n174	—,1,5-dinitro-*	$C_{10}H_6N_2O_4$ . See n14	218.17	hex nd (aa or ace) $\lambda^{25}$ 233 (4.32), 327 (3.81)	219	sub			i	$\delta$	v	$\delta$	$s^h$	Py $s^h$ , $CS_2$ $\delta$	B5 <sup>3</sup> , 1606	
$\Omega$ n175	—,1,8-dinitro-*	$C_{10}H_6N_2O_4$ . See n14	218.17	ye rh pl (chl) $\lambda^{25}$ 231 (4.44), 313 (3.81)	173–3.5	445d			i	$\delta$		$s$	$\delta$	Py s chl $\delta$	B5 <sup>3</sup> , 1607 B14 <sup>2</sup> , 653	
n176	—,1,6-dinitro-2-hydroxy-*	$C_{10}H_6N_2O_5$ . See n14	234.17	pa ye nd (chl)	195d				i	$s^h$	v			Py, chl v lig i	E12B, 1581	
n177	—,2,4-dinitro-1-triazo-*	$C_{10}H_3N_5O_4$ . See n14	259.18	ye rh nd (al)	105d					$s^h$	$s$		$s$	chl, to s lig $s^h$	B5 <sup>2</sup> , 460	
n178	—,5,8-dioxo-1,4,5,8,9,10-hexahydro-1,4-methylene-*	Cyclopentadienebenzoquinone.	174.20	gr-ye lf (MeOH) $\lambda$ 285 (1.40)	77–8					$s$	$s$	$s$	$s$	os $s$	E13, 1033	
$\Omega$ n179	—,1-ethoxy-*	Ethyl $\alpha$ -naphthyl ether. $C_{12}H_{12}O$ . See n14	172.23	nd	5.5	280.5 136–8 <sup>14</sup>	1.060 <sup>20</sup>	1.5953 <sup>25</sup>	i	v	v					B6 <sup>3</sup> , 2924
$\Omega$ n180	—,2-ethoxy-*	Ethyl $\beta$ -naphthyl ether Nerolin II. $C_{12}H_{12}O$ . See n14	172.23	pl (al)	37–8	282 148 <sup>10</sup>	1.0640 <sup>19</sup>	1.5975 <sup>26</sup>	i	$s$	$s$			to, lig. $CS_2$ , $s$	B6 <sup>3</sup> , 2972	
$\Omega$ n181	—,1-ethyl-*	$C_{12}H_{12}O$ . See n14	156.23	$\lambda^{25}$ 224 (4.9), 282 (3.8), 323 (1.4)	–13.88	258.67 <sup>60</sup> 120 <sup>10</sup>	1.00816 <sup>20</sup>	1.6062 <sup>20</sup>	i	$\infty$	$\infty$					B5 <sup>3</sup> , 1639
$\Omega$ n182	—,2-ethyl-*	$C_{12}H_{12}$ . See n14	156.23		–7.4	257.9 <sup>760</sup> 119 <sup>10</sup> 303 <sup>723</sup> 191 <sup>16</sup>	0.9922 <sup>20</sup>	1.5999 <sup>20</sup>	i	$\infty$	$\infty$					B5 <sup>3</sup> , 1641
n183	—,1(ethyl-amino)-*	Ethyl $\alpha$ -naphthylamine. $C_{12}H_{13}N$ . See n14	171.25				1.060 <sup>20</sup>	1.6477 <sup>15</sup>	i	$s$	$s$					B12 <sup>2</sup> , 682
n184	—,2(ethyl-amino)-*	Ethyl $\beta$ -naphthylamine. $C_{12}H_{13}N$ . See n14	171.25		<15	316–7 191 <sup>25</sup>	1.0545 <sup>21</sup>	1.6544 <sup>21</sup>								B12 <sup>2</sup> , 715
$\Omega$ n185	—,1-fluoro-*	$C_{10}H_7F$ . See n14	146.17		–9	215 <sup>75h</sup> 80 <sup>11</sup>	1.1322 <sup>20</sup>	1.5939 <sup>20</sup>	i	$s$	$s$		$s$	chl, aa $s$	B5 <sup>3</sup> , 1569	
$\Omega$ n186	—,2-fluoro-*	$C_{10}H_7F$ . See n14	146.17	nd (al)	61	211.5 <sup>727</sup> 90 <sup>16</sup> sub			i	$s$	$s$		$s$	chl, aa $s$	B5 <sup>2</sup> , 1569	
n187	—,1(formyl-amino)-*	$C_{11}H_9NO$ . See n14	171.20	nd (w)	137.5				$s^h$	$s$	$s$	$s$		os $s$	E12B, 459	
n188	—,2(formyl-amino)-*	$C_{11}H_9NO$ . See n14	171.20	lf (bz-peth)	129					$s$			$s$	peth $\delta$	E12B, 562	
n189	—,1,2,3,4,9,10-hexahydro-*	Naphthalene hexahydride. $C_{10}H_{14}$ . See n14	134.22			200 82 <sup>2</sup> 288 <sup>760</sup> sub	0.934 <sup>23</sup>	1.5260 <sup>16</sup>			$s$		$s$		B5, 433	
$\Omega$ n190	—,1-hydroxy-*	1-Naphthol. $\alpha$ -Naphthol. $C_{10}H_8O$ . See n14	144.19	ye mcl nd (w) $\lambda^{25}$ 292 (3.67), 308 (3.52), 322 (3.31)	96 (94)		1.0989 <sup>29</sup>	1.6224 <sup>99</sup>	i $\delta^h$	v	v	$s$	$s$	chl v $CCl_4$ $\delta$	E12B, 1148	
$\Omega$ n191	—,2-hydroxy-*	2-Naphthol. $\beta$ -Naphthol. $C_{10}H_8O$ . See n14	144.19	mcl lf (w), pl ( $CS_2$ ) $\lambda^{25}$ 226 (4.86), 265 (3.59), 274 (3.67), 285 (3.52)	123–4	295 <sup>760</sup>	1.28 <sup>20</sup>		i $\delta^h$	v	v		$s$	chl $s$ , $SO_2$ , $CCl_4$ $\delta$ , lig $\delta^h$	E12B, 1210	
n192	—,acetate	2-Acetoxy-naphthalene. $C_{12}H_{10}O_2$ . See n14	186.21	nd (al)	71–2	132–4 <sup>2</sup>			i	v	v			chl v	E12B, 1256	
$\Omega$ n193	—,benzoate	2-Benzoyloxy-naphthalene. $C_{17}H_{12}O_2$ . See n14	248.29	nd or pr (al), cr (lig) $\lambda^{25}$ 221 (4.88), 274 (3.71), 303 (2.59), 317 (2.50)	108				i	v <sup>h</sup>	$\delta$				E12B, 1260	
$\Omega$ n197	—,2-hydroxy-1-methyl-*	1-Methyl-2-naphthol. $C_{11}H_{10}O$ . See n14	158.20	nd (w, bz-lig, dil aa)	112	180 <sup>12</sup> sub			$\delta$ $s^h$	v	v	v	v	aa, chl v peth $s$ , alk $s$	E12B, 1388	
n198	—,1-hydroxy-8-nitro-*	8-Nitro-1-naphthol. $C_{10}H_7NO_3$ . See n14	189.17	grsh ye nd (al, chl, bz-hx)	130–3				$s$	v	v	v	v		E12B, 1547	
$\Omega$ n199	—,2-hydroxy-1-nitro-*	1-Nitro-2-naphthol. $C_{10}H_7NO_3$ . See n14	189.17	ye nd, lf or pr (al) $\lambda^{25}$ 330 (3.50)	104	115 <sup>9.05</sup>			$s^h$	$s$	v				E12B, 1547	
n199 <sup>2</sup>	—,2-hydroxy-5-nitro	5-Nitro-2-naphthol. $C_{10}H_7NO_3$ . See n14	189.17	lt ye nd (w)	147–9				v <sup>h</sup>	$\delta$	v	v		oos v	E12B, 1556	
n201	—,1-hydroxy-4-nitroso-*	1,4-Naphthoquinone 1-oxime*. 4-Nitroso-1-naphthol. $C_{10}H_7NO_2$ . See n14	173.17	pa ye nd (bz), nd (dil al) $\lambda^{25}$ 263 (4.08), 372.5 (3.70)	198				i	v	v	v	$\delta^h$	MeOH v chl, $CS_2$ $\delta$	E12B, 2786	
$\Omega$ n202	—,2-hydroxy-1-nitroso-*	1,2-Naphthoquinone 1-oxime*. 1-Nitroso-2-naphthol. $C_{10}H_7NO_2$ . See n14	173.17	ye nd (bz), og pr or pl (al) $\lambda^{25}$ 260 (3.78)	112 (109.5)				i	$s$	v <sup>h</sup>	$s$	v	aa v lig $\delta$	E12B, 2731	
n203	—,2-hydroxy-1,3,6-tribromo-*	1,3,6-Tribromo-2-naphthol. $C_{10}H_3Br_3O$ . See n14	380.88	nd (aa or al)	133					$s$				MeOH, $CCl_4$ , $s$	B6 <sup>3</sup> , 3000	
n204	—,2-hydroxy-1,4,6-tribromo-*	Providoform. 1,4,6-Tribromo-2-naphthol. $C_{10}H_3Br_3O$ . See n14	380.88	nd (bz)	157–8					$s$				chl, aa $s$	E12B, 1522	

For explanations, symbols and abbreviations see beginning of table. For structural formulas see end of table.

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formula	Mol. wt.	Color, crystalline form, specific rotation and $\lambda_{\max}$ (log $\epsilon$ )	m.p. °C	b.p. °C	Density	$n_D$	Solubility						Ref.
									w	al	eth	ace	bz	other solvents	
Succinic acid															
s250 <sup>1</sup>	—,mercapto-(d) . . .	d-Thiomalic acid. HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(SH)CO <sub>2</sub> H	150.15	cr (AcOEt-bz) [ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> + 64.4 (al), + 76.1 (ace)	154				s	s		s			B3 <sup>2</sup> , 287
Ω s250 <sup>2</sup>	—, (dl) . . . . .	HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(SH)CO <sub>2</sub> H . . .	150.15	cr (eth)	151				v	v	s	v	i		B3 <sup>2</sup> , 291
s250 <sup>3</sup>	—, (l) . . . . .	HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(SH)CO <sub>2</sub> H . . .	150.15	[ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> - 64.8 (al), - 75.8 (ace)	152-3				s	s	δ	s	δ		B3 <sup>2</sup> , 287
Ω s251	—,methyl-(dl) . . . .	Pyrotartaric acid. HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CO <sub>2</sub> H	132.13	pr	115	d		1.4303	v	v	s			MeOH v chl δ	B2, 637
s252	—,2-methyl-3-oxo-, diethyl ester	Diethyl methylxaloacetate. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CCOCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	202.21			137-8 <sup>23</sup> 75-8 <sup>2</sup>	1.0970 <sup>20</sup>	1.4313 <sup>20</sup>	i	∞	∞				B3 <sup>2</sup> , 484
Ω s253	—,methylene-	Itaconic acid. CH <sub>2</sub> :C(CO <sub>2</sub> H)CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H	130.10	rh (bz)	175 (162-4)	d	1.632		s	s	δ	s	δ	chl s peth, CS <sub>2</sub> δ chl v	B2 <sup>2</sup> , 650
Ω s254	—,anhydride . . . . .	Itaconic anhydride . . . . .	112.09	rh bipym pr (eth or chl), sc (aa)	68.5 (70)	139-40 <sup>10</sup> 114-5 <sup>18</sup>			d <sup>h</sup>	d <sup>h</sup>	δ			chl v	B17 <sup>2</sup> , 449
Ω s255	—,dichloride . . . .	Itaconyl chloride. CH <sub>2</sub> :C(COCl)CH <sub>2</sub> COCl	166.99			89 <sup>17</sup> 72 <sup>2</sup>		1.4919 <sup>20</sup>	d <sup>h</sup>	d <sup>h</sup>		s			B2, 762
s256	—,diethyl ester	Diethyl itaconate. CH <sub>2</sub> :C(CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	186.21	$\lambda^H$ 265 sh (2.1)	58-9	228 111 <sup>13</sup>	1.0467 <sup>20</sup>	1.4377 <sup>20</sup>		∞	s	v	s		B2 <sup>2</sup> , 651
Ω s257	—,dimethyl ester	Dimethyl itaconate. CH <sub>2</sub> :C(CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	158.16	hyg mcl (MeOH) $\lambda^H$ 205 (3.88), 240 sh (2.2)	38	208 <sup>760</sup> 108 <sup>11</sup>	1.1241 <sup>18</sup>	1.4457 <sup>20</sup>		s	s	v		MeOH s	B2, 762
s258	—,oxo-, diethyl ester	Diethyl oxaloacetate. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> COCO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	188.18	$\lambda^H$ 265 (2.25)		131-2 <sup>24</sup>	1.131 <sup>20</sup>	1.4561 <sup>17</sup>	i	∞	∞	v	∞		B3 <sup>2</sup> , 479
s259	—,2-oxo-3-phenyl-, 1-ethyl ester	Ethyl phenylcyanopyruvate. C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH(CN)COCO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	217.23	(eth-lig)	130	206 <sup>20</sup>				v	δ			chl, alk s	B10 <sup>2</sup> , 607
s260	—,phenyl-(d) . . . .	HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CO <sub>2</sub> H .	194.19	pr (w), [ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> + 148.3 (al, c = 1.5) $\lambda^H$ 260 (2.05)	173-4				δ v <sup>h</sup>	s	v	v	δ	MeOH s	B9 <sup>1</sup> , 380
Ω s261	—, (dl) . . . . .	HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CO <sub>2</sub> H .	194.19	lf or nd (w) $\lambda^H$ 260 (2.06)	168	d			δ v <sup>h</sup>	v	v	v	i	aa v chl δ CS <sub>2</sub> , peth i MeOH s	B9 <sup>2</sup> , 619
s262	—, (l) . . . . .	HO <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )CO <sub>2</sub> H .	194.19	[ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> - 173.3 (ace) $\lambda^H$ 260 (2.06)	173-4					v	v	v	i		B9 <sup>1</sup> , 381
s263	—,anhydride(d) . . . . .		176.18	nd (bz-peth), [ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> + 100.9 (bz) $\lambda^H$ 258 (2.2)	83.5-4.5				d <sup>h</sup>	s				chl v peth, CCl <sub>4</sub> δ	B17 <sup>1</sup> , 259
s264	—, (dl) . . . . .	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>5</sub> . See s263 . . . . .	176.18	mcl pr or nd (eth)	54	204-6 <sup>22</sup> 191-2 <sup>12</sup>			i	v	s	v	v	oos v	B17 <sup>2</sup> , 473
s265	—, (l) . . . . .	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>5</sub> . See s263 . . . . .	176.18	[ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> - 100.9 (bz)	83.5-4.5				d <sup>h</sup>					chl v	B17 <sup>1</sup> , 259
s266	—,(3-phenyl-propenyl)-	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH:CHCH(CO <sub>2</sub> H)CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H	234.25	lf (eth), (bz)	112				s		v	v	v		B9, 909
Ω s267	—,tetrahydroxy-	HO <sub>2</sub> CC(OH) <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H	182.09	tcl (60 %)	114-5				d					chl s	B3 <sup>2</sup> , 500
s268	—,tetramethyl-	HO <sub>2</sub> CC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H	174.20	MeOH, lig or AcOEt), mcl and tcl (eth or ace)	200	sub	1.30		δ	v				chl s	B2 <sup>2</sup> , 601
s269	—,dinitrile . . . . .	NCC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CN . . .	136.20	mcl pl, lf and pr (dil al)	170.5-1.5		1.070			s <sup>h</sup>					B2 <sup>1</sup> , 290
—	Succinimide . . . . .	see Succinic acid, imide													
Ω s273	Sucrose . . . . .	Cane sugar. Saccharose . . .	342.30	mcl, [ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> + 66.37 (w)	185-6		1.5805 <sup>17,23</sup>	1.5376	s v <sup>h</sup>	δ	i			Pys	B31, 424
Ω s274	—,octaacetate . . . .	C <sub>28</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O <sub>19</sub> . See s273 . . . . .	678.61	nd (al), [ $\alpha$ ] <sub>D</sub> <sup>20</sup> + 59.6 (chl)	86-87	d 285 260 <sup>1</sup>	1.27 <sup>16</sup>	1.4660	d <sup>h</sup>	s <sup>h</sup>	s	s	s	chl, oos s	B31, 453
s275	Sudan III . . . . .	Tetrazobenzene-β-naphthol.	352.40	br lf with gr lustre (aa) $\lambda^H$ cellulosolve 345 (4.22), 505 (4.49)	195				i	s	s	s	s	xyl, chl, aa, peth s	B16 <sup>2</sup> , 75
—	Sudan G . . . . .	see Azobenzene, 2,4-dihydroxy-													
—	Sudan yellow . . . .	see Azobenzene 1-naphthalene, 2'-hydroxy-													
Ω s276	Sulfadiazine . . . . .	2-Sulfanilamidopyrimidine. Sulfapyrimidine.	250.28	cr (w), wh pw $\lambda^H$ 244 (4.15)	255-6d (cor)				δ	δ		δ		ac s	C55, 25956
s277	Sulfaguanidine . . . .	Sulfoguenil . . . . .	214.25	nd (w)	190-3 (anh)				δ s <sup>h</sup>	δ		δ		dil ac s	C55, 22204

For explanations, symbols and abbreviations see beginning of table. For structural formulas see end of table.

# PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formulae	Mol. wt.	Crystalline form, properties and index of refraction	Density or spec. gravity	Melting point, °C	Boiling point, °C	Solubility, in grams per 100 cc		
								Cold water	Hot water	Other solvents
	<b>Lead</b>									
1139	dithionate	PbS <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	439.38	trig, 1.635, 1.653	3.22	d		115.0 <sup>20</sup>		s a, Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>
1140	thiosulfate	PbS <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	319.32	wh cr.	5.18	d		0.03		
1141	metatitanate	PbTiO <sub>3</sub>	303.09	yel, rhomb-pyr.	7.52			i		
1142	telluride	Nat. altaite. PbTe	334.79	wh, cub.	8.164 <sup>25</sup>	917				i a
1143	thiocyanate	Pb(SCN) <sub>2</sub>	323.35	wh, monoc.	3.82	d 190		0.05 <sup>20</sup>	0.21 <sup>20</sup>	s KCNS, HNO <sub>3</sub>
1144	tungstate	Nat. stolzite. PbWO <sub>4</sub>	455.04	tetr, 2.269, 2.182	8.23			i		i HNO <sub>3</sub> , s KOH
1145	tungstate	Nat. raspite. PbWO <sub>4</sub>	455.04	col, monoc, 2.27, 2.27, 2.30		1123		0.03		d a; i al
1146	metavanadate	Pb(VO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	405.07	yel powd.				al s		d HCl; s dil HNO <sub>3</sub>
1147	Lithium	Li	6.939	silver white, soft	0.534 <sup>20</sup>	180.54	1347	d		
1148	acetate	LiC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	102.01	wh, rhomb, α 1.40, β 1.50		70		300 <sup>14</sup>	v s	21.5 al
1149	acetylsalicylate	LiC <sub>9</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	186.09	wh powd hydr, d in moist air				100		25 al
1150	metaaluminate	LiAlO <sub>2</sub> (or Li <sub>2</sub> Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )	65.92	wh, rhomb, 1.604, 1.614	2.55 <sup>18</sup>	1900-2000		i		
1151	aluminum hydride	LiAlH <sub>4</sub>	37.95	wh cr powd.	0.917	d 125		d		ca 30 eth
1152	amide	LiNH <sub>2</sub>	22.96	col need, cub.	1.178 <sup>17,18</sup>	380-400	d 750-200	s	d	al s liq NH <sub>3</sub> , al; i eth, bz
1153	antimonide	LiSb	142.57		3.2 <sup>17</sup>	>950		d	d	d a
1154	orthoarsenate	LiAsO <sub>4</sub>	159.74	wh powd, rhomb	3.07 <sup>14</sup>			v al s		s dil ac a; i pyr
1155	arside	Li <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	48.96	col cr, hydr.		d 115-298		66.41 <sup>14</sup>		20.26 <sup>14</sup> abs al; i eth
1156	benzoate	LiC <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	128.06	wh cr or powd.				33 <sup>14</sup>	40 <sup>100</sup>	7.7 <sup>14</sup> al, 10 <sup>14</sup> al
1157	metaborate	LiBO <sub>2</sub>	49.75	wh, tricl.	1.397 <sup>14,17</sup>	845		2.57 <sup>14</sup>	11.83 <sup>14</sup>	
1158	metaborate	LiBO <sub>2</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	193.87	col, trig.	1.38 <sup>14,18</sup>	47		36.3 <sup>14</sup>	194 <sup>100</sup>	3.9 <sup>14</sup> al; 22 <sup>14</sup>
1159	pentaborate	LiB <sub>5</sub> O <sub>8</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	522.10	wh	1.72	300-350 - 8H <sub>2</sub> O				glycerine; i bz
1160	tetraborate	Li <sub>2</sub> B <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	169.11	wh cr.		930		2.89 <sup>14</sup>	5.45 <sup>100</sup>	i org solv
1161	borohydride	LiBH <sub>4</sub>	21.78	rhomb cr.	0.66	d 279		s d		s eth
1162	borohydride	LiBH <sub>4</sub>	21.78	wh, orthorhomb	0.666	275 d		v al s		d al; 2.5 eth
1163	bromide	LiBr	86.85	wh, cub, deliq.	3.464 <sup>14</sup>	550	1265	145 <sup>14</sup>	254 <sup>14</sup>	73 <sup>14</sup> al; 8 MeOH; s al, eth; al s pyrid
1164	bromide, dihydrate	LiBr·2H <sub>2</sub> O	122.28	wh cr.	1.784	-1H <sub>2</sub> O; 44		246.0 <sup>20</sup>	v s	s al
1165	carbide	Li <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub>	37.90	wh cr or powd.	1.65 <sup>14</sup>			d		s a
1166	carbonate	Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	73.89	wh, monoc, 1.428, 1.567, 1.572	2.11	723	d 1310 <sup>100</sup>	1.54 <sup>9</sup>	0.72 <sup>100</sup>	i al; acet
1167	carbonate, acid	Lithium bicarbonate. LiHCO <sub>3</sub>	67.96	wh				5.5 <sup>11</sup>		
1168	chlorate	LiClO <sub>3</sub>	90.39	col, rhomb need, deliq, α 1.63, γ 1.64	1.1190 <sup>14</sup>	127.6	300 d	500 <sup>17</sup>		v s al; 0.142 <sup>14</sup> acetone
1169	chlorate	LiClO <sub>3</sub> ·½H <sub>2</sub> O (or ½H <sub>2</sub> O)	99.39	wh, tetr, deliq.		65(?)	-½H <sub>2</sub> O, 90 d 290	v s	v s	v s al
1170	perchlorate	LiClO <sub>4</sub>	106.39	wh	2.428	236	430 d	60.0 <sup>14</sup>	150 <sup>14</sup>	152 <sup>14</sup> al; 182 <sup>14</sup> MeOH; 114 <sup>14</sup> eth; 137 <sup>14</sup> acetone
1171	perchlorate, trihydrate	LiClO <sub>4</sub> ·3H <sub>2</sub> O	160.44	wh, hex.	1.841	95 deliq 236 (anhydr)	d 100 - 2H <sub>2</sub> O	130 <sup>14</sup>		72.9 <sup>14</sup> al; 156 <sup>14</sup> MeOH; 96.2 <sup>14</sup> acetone; 0.096 <sup>14</sup> eth
1172	chloride	LiCl	42.39	wh, cub, 1.662	2.068 <sup>14</sup>	605	1325-1360	63.7 <sup>9</sup>	130 <sup>14</sup>	25.10 <sup>14</sup> al; 42.36 <sup>14</sup> MeOH; 4.11 <sup>14</sup> acetone; 0.538 <sup>14</sup> NH <sub>4</sub> OH
1173	chloride, monohydrate	LiCl·H <sub>2</sub> O	60.41	wh cr, hydr.	1.78	-H <sub>2</sub> O > 98		86.2 <sup>20</sup>	s	s HCl
1174	chloroplatinate	Li <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>6</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	529.78	or prism.		-6H <sub>2</sub> O, 180		v s	v s	v s al; i eth
1175	bichromate, dihydrate	Li <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	265.90	orange-red cr, deliq.	2.34 <sup>14</sup>	187 d	110 - 2H <sub>2</sub> O	187 <sup>14</sup>	278 <sup>100</sup>	s reacts al
1176	dichromate	Li <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	265.90	blk-brn cr, deliq.		-2H <sub>2</sub> O, 130 d		151 <sup>14</sup>		
1177	citrate	Li <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>7</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	281.98	col cr or powd, deliq.		-4H <sub>2</sub> O, 105		74.5 <sup>14</sup>	66.7 <sup>100</sup>	al s al, eth
1178	fluoride	LiF	25.94	wh, cub, 1.3915	2.635 <sup>14</sup>	845	1676	0.27 <sup>14</sup>		i al; s HF
1179	fluosilicate	LiSiF <sub>6</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	191.99	wh, monoc, 1.300, 1.296	2.33 <sup>14</sup>	-2H <sub>2</sub> O, 100 d		73 <sup>17</sup>		s al; i eth, acet
1180	fluosulfonate	LiSO <sub>3</sub> F	106.00	wh powd.		360		v s	s	v s al, eth, acet; i ligorin
1181	formate, monohydrate	H·COOLi·H <sub>2</sub> O	69.97	wh, rhomb	1.46	-H <sub>2</sub> O, 94	d 230	27.85 <sup>14</sup>	57.05 <sup>14</sup>	al s al, acet; i bz
1182	gallium hydride	LiGaH <sub>4</sub>	80.69	wh cr.				d	d	s eth
1183	gallium nitride	LiGaN <sub>2</sub>	118.55	lt gr powd.	3.35	d 800		d	d	s a, alk
1184	metagermanate	Li <sub>2</sub> GeO <sub>3</sub>	134.47	monoc, 1.7	3.53 <sup>14</sup>	1239		0.85 <sup>14</sup>		s a

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formulae	Mol. wt.	Crystalline form, properties and index of refraction	Density or spec. gravity	Melting point, °C	Boiling point, °C	Solubility, in grams per 100 cc		
								Cold water	Hot water	Other solvents
	<b>Lithium</b>									
1185	hydride	LiH	7.95	wh cr.	0.82	680		d		v al s a
1186	hydroxide	LiOH	23.95	wh tetr, 1.464, 1.452	1.46	450	d 924	12.8 <sup>20</sup>	17.5 <sup>100</sup>	al s al
1187	hydroxide, monohydrate	LiOH.H <sub>2</sub> O	41.96	wh monocl, 1.460, 1.524	1.51			22.3 <sup>10</sup>	26.8 <sup>20</sup>	al s al; i etl.
1188	iodate	LiIO <sub>3</sub>	181.84	wh, hex, hydr.	4.502 <sup>27</sup>			80.3 <sup>10</sup>		i al
1189	iodide	LiI	133.84	wh, cub, 1.955 ± 0.003	3.494 ± 0.015	449	1180 ± 10	165 <sup>20</sup>	433 <sup>20</sup>	250.8 <sup>20</sup> al; 42.6 <sup>10</sup> acet 343.4 <sup>20</sup> MeOH; v s NH <sub>4</sub> OH
1190	iodide, trihydrate	LiI.3H <sub>2</sub> O	187.89	col-yelish, hex, hydr	3.48	73 - H <sub>2</sub> O	-2H <sub>2</sub> O, 80 - H <sub>2</sub> O, 300	151 <sup>10</sup>	201.2 <sup>20</sup>	s abs al, acet
1191	laurate	LiC <sub>11</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	206.25	wh powd.		229.2-229.8		0.154 <sup>10,11</sup>	0.178 <sup>10</sup>	0.322 <sup>10</sup> al; 0.008 <sup>10,11</sup> eth; 0.240 <sup>10</sup> acet
1192	permanganate	LiMnO <sub>4</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	179.92	cub.	2.06	d 190		71.43 <sup>10</sup>		d alk
1193	molybdate	Li <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	173.82	wh trig, hydr.	2.66	705		v s		
1194	myristate	LiC <sub>11</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	234.31			223.6-224.2		0.027 <sup>10,11</sup> 0.036 <sup>10</sup>	0.062 <sup>10</sup>	0.010 <sup>10,11</sup> eth; 0.331 <sup>10</sup> acet; 0.155 <sup>10</sup> al
1195	nitrate	LiNO <sub>3</sub>	68.94	wh, trig, 1.735, 1.735	2.38	264	d 600	89.8 <sup>27,28</sup>	234 <sup>100</sup>	s NH <sub>4</sub> OH, al;
1196	nitrate, trihydrate	LiNO <sub>3</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	122.99	col need.		-2½ H <sub>2</sub> O, 29.9	-3H <sub>2</sub> O, 61.1	34.8 <sup>20</sup>	57.48 <sup>20,21</sup>	s al, MeOH, acet
1197	nitride	Li <sub>3</sub> N	34.82	red-brn amorph, or blk-gray cr, cub		tr 840-850 (in N <sub>2</sub> )				
1198	nitrite	LiNO <sub>2</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	70.96	col flat need.	1.615 <sup>20</sup>	>100	d	125 <sup>20</sup>	459 <sup>20</sup>	v s abs al
1199	oxalate	Li <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	101.90	col, rhomb, 1.465, 1.53, 1.696	2.121 <sup>17,18</sup>	d		8 <sup>10,11</sup>		i al, etl.
1200	oxalate, acid	LiHC <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	113.99			d		8 <sup>17</sup>		
1201	oxide	Li <sub>2</sub> O	29.88	wh cr, cub, n <sub>D</sub> 1.644	2.013 <sup>10,11</sup>	>1700	1200 <sup>200</sup>	6.67 <sup>20</sup> d	10.02 <sup>100</sup>	
1202	palmitate	LiC <sub>15</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	262.36	wh powd.		224.5		0.01 <sup>10</sup>	0.015 <sup>10</sup>	0.347 <sup>10</sup> acet; 0.077 <sup>10</sup> al; 0.005 <sup>10,11</sup> eth
1203	metaphosphate	LiPO <sub>3</sub>	85.91	col pl.	2.401	red heat		i	i	s a
1204	orthophosphate	Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	115.79	col, rhomb.	2.537 <sup>17,18</sup>	837		0.039 <sup>10</sup>		s a, NH <sub>4</sub> OH; i acet
1205	orthophosphate	Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> .½H <sub>2</sub> O	124.80	wh cr powd.	2.41	-½H <sub>2</sub> O, 100		0.04 <sup>10</sup>		s a
1206	phosphate, di- H-	LiH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	103.93	col cr, hydr.	2.461	>100				
1207	potassium sulfate	LiKSO <sub>4</sub>	142.10	col, hex; n <sub>D</sub> 1.4723, 1.4717	2.393 <sup>20</sup>			s	s	
1208	potassium dl-tartrate	LiK <sub>2</sub> C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	212.13	col, monocl, β 1.523 (red)	1.610			s		
1209	salicylate	LiC <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	144.06	wh, powd, deliq.		d		133.3		50 al
1210	selenide	Li <sub>2</sub> Se.9H <sub>2</sub> O	254.98	col, rhomb, deliq.		d		d		
1211	metasilicate	Li <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub>	89.96	col, rhomb; α 1.584, γ 1.604	2.52 <sup>21</sup>	1204		i	s d	s dil HCl
1212	orthosilicate	Li <sub>4</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	119.84	col, rhomb; α 1.594, γ 1.614	2.392 <sup>21</sup>	1256		i	d	d a
1213	silicide	Li <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>	97.81	bl cr, hydr.	ca. 1.12	d 600 (vac)		d	d	d a; i NH <sub>3</sub> turp
1214	sodium fluoaluminate	LiNa <sub>2</sub> (AlF <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	371.73	cub cr, 1.3395	2.774	710		0.074 <sup>10</sup>		
1215	stearate	LiC <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	290.41	wh cr.		220.5-221.5		0.010 <sup>10</sup>		0.010 <sup>10</sup> al; 0.040 <sup>10</sup> eth; 0.457 <sup>10</sup> acet
1216	sulfate	Li <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	109.94	α monocl; β hex or rhomb, γ cub 500°C; β 1.465	2.221	845		26.1 <sup>10</sup>	23 <sup>100</sup>	i abs al, acet
1217	sulfate, hydrogen	LiHSO <sub>4</sub>	104.01	col pr.	2.12 <sup>10,11</sup>	120		d		
1218	sulfate, monohydrate	LiSO <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	127.95	col cr, monocl, 1.465, 1.477, 1.488		880		34.9 <sup>10</sup>	29.2 <sup>100</sup>	11.5 <sup>20</sup> al + H <sub>2</sub> O (23.9 % alc); i acet, pyridine
1219	sulfide	Li <sub>2</sub> S	45.94	wh-yel, cub, deliq.	1.66	900-975		v s	v s	v s al
1220	sulfide, hydro-	LiHS	40.01	wh powd, hydr.				s	s	s al
1221	sulfite, monohydrate	LiSO <sub>3</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	111.96	wh need, α 1.53, γ 1.59		455 d	140 - H <sub>2</sub> O	24.9 <sup>20</sup>	22 <sup>20</sup>	i org solv
1222	tartrate	Li <sub>2</sub> C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	179.97	wh cr powd.				s		
1223	thallium dl-tartrate	LiTlC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O	395.41	tricl.	3.144					
1224	thiocyanate	LiSCN	65.02	wh cr, deliq, n <sub>D</sub> 1.333				v s		s methylacet
1225	dithionate	Li <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O	210.03	col, rhomb, 1.5602	2.158	d		v s		
1226	tungstate	Li <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	261.73	col, trig.	3.71	742		v s	v s	d a; i al
1227	Lutetium	Caamiopeium. Lu	174.97	met, hex	9.8404	1663	3395			

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formulae	Mol. wt.	Crystalline form, properties and index of refraction	Density or spec. gravity	Melting point, °C	Boiling point, °C	Solubility, in grams per 100 cc		
								Cold water	Hot water	Other solvents
Ytterbium										
y4	(III) bromide	YbBr <sub>3</sub>	412.77	col cr		956	d	s	s	
y5	(II) chloride	YbCl <sub>2</sub>	243.95	grn-yel cr	5.08	702	1900	s	s	s dil a
y6	(III) chloride	YbCl <sub>3</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	387.49	grn, rhomb cr, deliq	2.575	865 - 6H <sub>2</sub> O, 180		v s	v s	s abs al
y7	(II) fluoride	YbF <sub>2</sub>	211.04			1052	2380	i	i	
y8	fluoride	YbF <sub>3</sub>	230.04			1157	2200	i	i	i dil a
y9	(II) iodide	YbI <sub>2</sub>	426.85	lt yel, hex cr	5.40 <sup>m</sup>	780 ± 4	1300 d(700) vac	s	s	s dil a
y10	(III) iodide	YbI <sub>3</sub>	553.75	gold yel cr		d 700	d	s	s	s dil a
y11	(III) oxalate	Yb <sub>2</sub> (C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·10H <sub>2</sub> O	790.29	col cr	2.644			0.00033 <sup>m</sup>		al s dil a
y12	(III) oxide	Ytterbia. Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	394.08	col.	9.17			i	i	s h dil a
y13	(III) selenate	Yb <sub>2</sub> (SeO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	919.08	hex pl.	3.30			s d	s	
y14	(III) selenite	Yb <sub>2</sub> (SeO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	726.95					i		
y15	(III) sulfate	Yb <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	634.26	col cr	3.793	d 900		44.2 <sup>m</sup>	4.7 <sup>m</sup>	
y16	(III) sulfate, octohydrate	Yb <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	778.39	prism	3.286			35.9 <sup>m</sup>	21.1 <sup>m</sup>	
y17	Yttrium	Y	88.905	gray-blk met, hex	4.4689	1522	3338	al d	d	v s dil a; s h KOH
y18	acetate	Y(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	338.10	col, tricl.					9.03 <sup>m</sup>	
y19	bromate	Y(BrO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·9H <sub>2</sub> O	634.76	hex pr		74	-6H <sub>2</sub> O, 100	168 <sup>m</sup>		al s al; i eth
y20	bromide	YBr <sub>3</sub>	328.63	deliq		904		v s		s al; i eth
y21	bromide hydrate	YBr <sub>3</sub> ·9H <sub>2</sub> O	490.77	col tabl, deliq				v s		al s al; i eth
y22	carbide	YC <sub>2</sub>	112.93	yel., microcr	4.13 <sup>m</sup>			d		
y23	carbonate	Y <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·3H <sub>2</sub> O	411.88	wh-redsh powd.						s dil min a, (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ; al s aq CO <sub>2</sub> ; i al, eth
y24	chloride	YCl <sub>3</sub>	195.26	shiny wh leaf	2.67	721	1507	78 <sup>m</sup>	82 <sup>m</sup>	60.1 <sup>m</sup> al; 60.6 <sup>m</sup> pyr
y25	chloride, hexahydrate	YCl <sub>3</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	303.36	redsh-wh, rhomb, deliq	2.18 <sup>m</sup>	-5H <sub>2</sub> O, 100		217 <sup>m</sup>	235 <sup>m</sup>	s al; i eth
y26	chloride, monohydrate	YCl <sub>3</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	213.28	col cr		-H <sub>2</sub> O, 160		v s		
y27	fluoride	YF <sub>3</sub>	145.90	gelat.	4.01	1387		i		v s al, eth, HNO <sub>3</sub>
y28	hydroxide	Y(OH) <sub>3</sub>	139.93	wh-yel gelat or powd		d		i		s a, NH <sub>4</sub> Cl; i alk
y29	iodide	YI <sub>3</sub>	469.62	wh, cr, deliq		1004	650-700 <sup>m</sup>	v s		s al, acet; al s eth
y30	molybdate	Y <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	729.68	grayish or yelsh, tetr pl, 2.03	4.79 <sup>m</sup>	1347				
y31	nitrate, hexahydrate	Y(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	383.01	col, redsh cr, deliq	2.68	-3H <sub>2</sub> O, 100		134.7 <sup>m</sup>		v s al, eth, HNO <sub>3</sub>
y32	nitrate, tetrahydrate	Y(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	346.98	redsh-wh pr	2.682			s		s al, HNO <sub>3</sub>
y33	oxalate	Y <sub>2</sub> (C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·9H <sub>2</sub> O	604.01	wh cr powd.		d		0.0001		al s HCl
y34	oxide	Yttria. Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	225.81	col-yelsh, cub or powd	5.01	2410		0.00018 <sup>m</sup>		s a; i alk
y35	sulfate	Y <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	465.99	wh powd	2.52	d 1000		5.38 <sup>m</sup>	s	s sat K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> sol
y36	sulfate, octahydrate	Y <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	610.12	col-redsh, monocl, 1.543, 1.549, 1.576	2.558	-8H <sub>2</sub> O, 120	d 700	7.47 <sup>m</sup> (anhydr)	1.99 <sup>m</sup> (anhydr)	al, alk; s conc H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
y37	sulfide	YS <sub>2</sub>	273.99	yel-gr powd						d a
y38	Yttrium hexaantipyrine perchlorate	[Y(C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ](ClO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	1516.60	col, hex cr		d 293-296		0.55 <sup>m</sup>		
y39	hexaantipyrine iodide	[Y(C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ]I <sub>3</sub>	1598.96	col cr		280-282		4.65 <sup>m</sup>		
z1	Zinc	Zn	65.38	bluish-wh met, hex	7.14	419.58	907	i	i	s a, alk, ac a
z2	acetate	Zn(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	183.46	col, monocl.	1.84	d 200	subl vac	30 <sup>m</sup>	44.6 <sup>m</sup>	2.8 <sup>m</sup> al; 166.79 <sup>m</sup> al
z3	acetate, dihydrate	Zn(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	219.49	col, monocl, β 1.494	1.735	237	-2H <sub>2</sub> O, 100	31.1 <sup>m</sup>	66.6 <sup>m</sup>	2 al
z4	acetylacetonate	Zn(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	263.59	need.		138	subl	v s d		v s bz, acet; s al
z5	aluminate	Nat. gahnite. ZnAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	183.33	cub, grn 1.78	4.58			i	i	i a; al s alk
z6	amide	Zn(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	97.42	wh powd, amorph	2.13 <sup>m</sup>	d 200 vac		d	d	i al, eth
z7	antimonide	Zn <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub>	439.61	silv wh, rhomb pr.	6.33	570		d		
z8	orthoarsenate	Nat. koettigite. Zn <sub>3</sub> (AsO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·8H <sub>2</sub> O	618.08	monocl, 1.662, 1.683, 1.717	3.309 <sup>m</sup>	-1H <sub>2</sub> O, 100		i	i	s HNO <sub>3</sub> , H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> , alk
z9	orthoarsenate, basic	Nat. adamite. Zn <sub>3</sub> (AsO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·Zn(OH) <sub>2</sub>	573.34	col, rhomb	4.475 <sup>m</sup>	d 250				
z10	orthoarsenate, hydrogen	ZnHAsO <sub>4</sub> ·4H <sub>2</sub> O	277.36	wh, rhomb		-H <sub>2</sub> O, 327		d	d	
z11	arsenide	Zn <sub>3</sub> As <sub>2</sub>	345.95	met-gray, tetr.	5.528	1015		i		d a
z12	benzoate	Zn(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	307.60	wh powd				2.46 <sup>m</sup>	1.44 <sup>m</sup>	
z13	borate	3ZnO·2B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	383.35	wh tricl cr, or amorph powd	cr 4.22	980		s		cr i HCl; amorph; s HCl
z14	bromate	Zn(BrO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	429.28	wh, cub, 1.5452	2.566	100	-6H <sub>2</sub> O, 200	v s		
z15	bromide	ZnBr <sub>2</sub>	225.19	col, rhomb, bygr <sup>m</sup> 1.5452	4.201 <sup>m</sup>	394	650	447 <sup>m</sup>	675 <sup>m</sup>	v s al, eth, acet; s NH <sub>4</sub> OH

## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

No.	Name	Synonyms and Formulae	Mol. wt.	Crystalline form, properties and index of refraction	Density or spec. gravity	Melting point, °C	Boiling point, °C	Solubility, in grams per 100 cc		
								Cold water	Hot water	Other solvents
Zinc										
16	butyrate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{O}_2)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	275.60	wh pr.				10.7 <sup>18</sup>	d	
17	caproate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)_2$	295.68					1.03 <sup>18,4</sup>		
18	carbonate	Nat. smithsonite. $\text{ZnCO}_3$	125.39	col, trig, 1.818, 1.618	4.398	-CO <sub>2</sub> , 300		0.001 <sup>18</sup>		s a, alk, NH <sub>4</sub> salts; i NH <sub>4</sub> acet, pyr 167 al; s acet, eth, glyc s al
19	chlorate	$\text{Zn}(\text{ClO}_3)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	304.33	col yelsh, cub, deliq	2.15	d 60	d	262 <sup>20</sup>	v s	
20	chlorate, per-	$\text{Zn}(\text{ClO}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	372.36	wh, rhomb, deliq, 1.508, 1.480	2.252 ± 0.01	105-107	d 200	s		s al
21	chloride	$\text{ZnCl}_2$	136.28	wh, hex, deliq, 1.681, 1.713	2.91 <sup>25</sup>	283	732	432 <sup>25</sup>	615 <sup>100</sup>	100 <sup>12,4</sup> al; v s eth; i NH <sub>4</sub> v s al; d H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> s a, liq NH <sub>3</sub> ; i acet
22	chloroplatinate	$\text{ZnPtCl}_6 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	581.27	yel, trig, hydr	2.717 <sup>12</sup>	d 160		v s	v s	
23	chromate	$\text{ZnCrO}_4$	181.36	lem-yel pr.	3.40			i	d	
24	chromate	$\text{ZnCr}_2\text{O}_4$	233.36	dk grn to black, cub	5.30 <sup>18</sup>					
25	dichromate	$\text{ZnCr}_2\text{O}_7 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	335.40	redsh-brn cr, or or-yel powd, hydr				v s	d	i al, eth; s a
26	citrate	$\text{Zn}_3(\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{O}_7)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	610.35					sl s		
27	cyanide	$\text{Zn}(\text{CN})_2$	117.41	col, rhomb	1.852	d 800		0.0005 <sup>20</sup>		s alk, KCN, NH <sub>4</sub> ; i al s conc HCl; i dil a, alk
28	ferrate (III)	Ferrite. $\text{ZnFe}_2\text{O}_4$	241.06	blk, oct.	5.33 <sup>20</sup>	1590				s excess alk; i dil a
29	ferrocyanide	$\text{Zn}_3\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6$	342.69	wh powd.	1.85 <sup>21</sup>			i		
30	ferrocyanide, trihydrate	$\text{Zn}_3\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	396.74	wh powd.		d		i	i	i al, HCl; d NaOH; s NH <sub>4</sub> OH; v sl s NH <sub>3</sub>
31	fluoride	$\text{ZnF}_2$	103.37	col, monocl or tricl	4.95 <sup>25</sup>	872	ca 1500	1.62 <sup>20</sup>	s	s hot a, NH <sub>4</sub> OH; i al, NH <sub>3</sub>
32	fluoride, tetrahydrate	$\text{ZnF}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	175.43	col, rhomb	2.255	-4H <sub>2</sub> O, 100	tr to ZNO, 3000	1.6 <sup>18</sup>	s	s a, alk, NH <sub>4</sub> OH
33	fluosilicate	$\text{ZnSiF}_6 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	315.54	col, hex pr, 1.3824, 1.3956	2.104	d 100		v s		
34	formaldehyde-sulfoxylate	$\text{Zn}(\text{HSO}_3 \cdot \text{CH}_2\text{O})_2$	255.56	rhomb pr.		d		v s	v s	d a; i al
35	formaldehyde-sulfoxylate, basic	$\text{Zn}(\text{OH})\text{HSO}_3 \cdot \text{CH}_2\text{O}$	177.47	rhomb pr.		d		i	i	d a; i al
36	formate	$\text{Zn}(\text{CHO}_2)_2$	155.41	col, cr.	2.368	d		3.80	62 <sup>100</sup>	
37	formate	$\text{Zn}(\text{CHO})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	191.44	wh, monocl, 1.513, 1.526, 1.566	2.207 <sup>20</sup>	-2H <sub>2</sub> O, 140	d	5.2 <sup>20</sup>	38 <sup>100</sup>	i al
38	gallate	$\text{ZnGa}_2\text{O}_4$	268.81	wh fine cr, 1.74	6.15 calc	<800		i	i	i org solv; s dil a, NH <sub>4</sub> OH
39	glycerophosphate	$\text{ZnC}_3\text{H}_7\text{O}_5\text{P}$	235.43	wh amorph powd.				s		i al, eth
40	hydroxide(s)	$\text{Zn}(\text{OH})_2$	99.38	col, rhomb	3.053	d 125		v sl s		s a, alk
41	iodate	$\text{Zn}(\text{IO}_3)_2$	415.18	wh, need.	5.063 <sup>24</sup>	d		0.87	1.31	s alk, HNO <sub>3</sub>
42	iodate, dihydrate	$\text{Zn}(\text{IO}_3)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	451.21	wh, cr powd.	4.223 <sup>25</sup>	-H <sub>2</sub> O, 200		0.877	1.32	s HNO <sub>3</sub> , NH <sub>4</sub> OH
43	iodide	$\text{ZnI}_2$	319.18	col, hexag	4.7364 <sup>25</sup>	446	d 624	432 <sup>18</sup>	511 <sup>100</sup>	s a, al, eth, NH <sub>3</sub> , (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> 0.104 h 98% al v sl s al 0.019 <sup>100</sup> al 0.010 <sup>18</sup> al d al, a
44	d-lactate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_3)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	279.45					5.7 <sup>18</sup>	9 <sup>20</sup>	
45	dl-lactate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_3)_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	297.47	wh, rhomb cr.				1.67 <sup>100</sup>	16.7 <sup>100</sup>	v sl s al
46	laurate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_2)_2$	464.00	wh powd.		128		0.01 <sup>18</sup>	0.019 <sup>100</sup>	v s
47	permanganate	$\text{Zn}(\text{MnO}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	411.33	vit-br or bl, deliq.	2.47	-5H <sub>2</sub> O, 100		33.3	v s	d al, a
48	nitrate, trihydrate	$\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	243.43	col, need.		45.5		327.3 <sup>10</sup>		
49	nitrate, hexahydrate	$\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	297.47	col, tetrag.	2.065 <sup>14</sup>	36.4	-6H <sub>2</sub> O, 105-131	181.3 <sup>20</sup>	∞	v s al
50	nitride	$\text{Zn}_3\text{N}_2$	224.12	gray	6.22 <sup>25</sup>			d		s HCl
51	oleate	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{33}\text{O}_2)_2$	628.30	wax-like solid.		70		i		s al, eth, bz, CS <sub>2</sub> ; sl s acet
52	oxalate	$\text{ZnC}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	189.42	wh powd.	3.28 <sup>25</sup>	d 100		0.00079 <sup>18</sup>		s a, alk
53	oxide	Nat. zincite. $\text{ZnO}$	81.37	wh, hex, 2.008, 2.029	5.606	1975		0.00016 <sup>20</sup>		s a, alk, NH <sub>4</sub> Cl; i al, NH <sub>3</sub> d al, eth, acet 55.6 <sup>18</sup> al
54	oxide, per-	$\text{ZnO}_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}\text{H}_2\text{O}$	106.38	yelsh, powd.	3.00 ± 0.08	-O <sub>2</sub> , vac		al d	d	
55	l-phenol-4-sulfonate(p)	$\text{Zn}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{SO}_3)_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$	555.83	col cr or fine wh powd, eff		-8H <sub>2</sub> O, 125		62.5	250 <sup>100</sup>	
56	orthophosphate	$\text{Zn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$	386.05	col, rhomb	3.998 <sup>18</sup>	900		i	i	s a, NH <sub>4</sub> OH; i al
57	orthophosphate, dihydrogen	$\text{Zn}(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	295.38	tricl.		d 100		d		
58	orthophosphate, octahydrate	$\text{Zn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$	530.18	rhomb pl.	3.109 <sup>18</sup>			i		s alk



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